

Pocono Mountain East High School
Honors World History: Summer Reading & Timeline Project

Due Date: The Second Friday of September

Directions: After reading Chapters 1, 29 – 40 from “A Little History of The World” written by E.H. Gombrich, (available through the following link on the district website <http://www.pmsd.org/Page/889>) and any other credible sources you choose to read, create a timeline. Place the following events, people, empires, etc. on the timeline, giving approximate dates where appropriate. Suggestion: color each column of information a unique color. (e.g. all people written in blue, events in green, etc.) It must be handwritten. There is no minimum/maximum size, just be sure it is neatly done.

Topic	People	Gov't/ Empires	Events
Prehistory - Ancient Mesopotamia	Neanderthal, Sargon, Abraham, Cro-Magnon, Hammurabi, Pastoralists,		Agricultural Rev., Epic of Gilgamesh, Bronze, Iron
Egypt	Menes	Old, Middle, New Kingdoms	
Ancient India & China		Harappa, Mohenjo-Daro Shia (Xia), Shang, & Zhou Dynasties, Era of Warring States	Vedas, Upanishads “Solidification” of Caste System, Oracle bones
Ancient Americas & Oceania	Olmecs, Chavín, Mochica, Nazca	Maya(n)	“land bridge” migration to Americas
Persia	Darius, Cyrus	Achaemenid Empire	
Classical China	Confucius, Laozi	Qin Dynasty, Han Dynasty	Confucianism, Daoism, Yellow Turban Rebellion
Classical India	Ashoka Maurya, Chandra Gupta Siddhartha Gautama	Mauryan Dynasty Gupta Dynasty	Buddhism
Greece	Pericles, Socrates, Plato, Aristotle, Alexander the Great		
Rome	Julius & Augustus Caesar, Jesus of Nazareth, Constantine	Roman Republic Roman Empire	<i>Pax Romana</i> , Christianity “Split” of Roman Empire
Silk Roads	Diocletian, Attila		Germanic Invasions, “Fall” of Rome
Byzantium	Justinian & Theodora, Charlemagne	Byzantine	Justinian’s Code, Hagia Sophia, Great Schism
Islam	Muhammad, Khadija, Abu Bakr	Abbasid Caliphate Umayyad Caliphate	<i>Hijra</i>
Tang/Song China	Song Taizu, Tang Taizong	Song Dynasty Tang Dynasty	
Post-Classical India		Sultanate of Delhi Angkor Wat	Islam → India
Feudal Europe	Charlemagne, Vikings		
Mongols	Genghis Khan, Kublai Khan, Marco Polo	Yuan Dynasty Ottoman Empire	Bubonic Plague
Pre-1500 Africa	Mansa Musa, Bantus	Axum, Great Zimbabwe	
Medieval Europe	Leif Ericsson, Thomas Aquinas, Pope Urban II, William the Conqueror	Holy Roman Empire	Reconquista
Pre-1500 Americas	Montezuma, Atahualpa	Aztec Empire Inca Empire	

Silk Routes (trans-regional)	Vasco da Gama Christopher Columbus Ibn Battuta		Black Plague(s) Hundred Years War
Age of Exploration	Ferdinand Magellan	Spain France	Portugal England Columbian Exchange, 7 Years' War, East India company
Early Modern Europe	Louis XIV, Peter & Catherine the Great, Gutenberg, Machiavelli, Smith, Locke, Hobbes, Voltaire, Galileo, Copernicus, Martin Luther John Calvin	HRE England	France Russia Protestant Reformation Catholic (Counter) Reformation Council of Trent Enlightenment Spanish Inquisition
Colonial Americas	Atahualpa, Montezuma, Cortes, Pizarro	Aztec	Inca Treaty of Tordesillas, Jamestown, Quebec
Early Modern Africa	Sunni Ali		Triangle Trade, Diaspora
Early Modern E. Asia	Zheng He	Ming Qing Tokugawa Shogunate	Neo-confucianism Forbidden City "Dutch learning"
Muslim "Gunpowder" Empires	Akbar Shah Ismail	Mehmed II Süleyman	Ottoman Safavid Mughal Constantinople → Ottomans
Age of Revolution	Simón Bolívar José de San Martín George Washington Napoleon Bonaparte Otto von Bismarck Maximilien Robespierre Elizabeth Cady Stanton		7 Years War American Revolution/ Independence Struggle French Revolution Haitian Revolution Congress of Vienna Latin American Revolutions
Industrial Revolution	Henry Ford		Industrial Revolution Whitney's cotton gin Marx's <i>Communist Manifesto</i>
1800s Americas	Abraham Lincoln, Benito Juárez, "Pancho" Villa		Louisiana Purchase, Manifest Destiny Mexican Revolution 1823
1800s Asian Empires	Muhammad Ali Alexander II Dowager Empress Cixi	Qing Dynasty	Taiping Rebellion Meiji Restoration Boxer Rebellion
Imperialism	Charles Darwin Queen Victoria		Social Darwinism, Spanish-American War, Suez Canal, Panama Canal, Monroe Doctrine, Opium War(s), Open Door Policy
Struggles for Power	"Young Turks"		Mexican Revolution, 1910 Russo-Japanese War
World War I	Choose 3: Kaiser Wilhelm I, Mustafa Kemal, "Ataturk", Nicholas II, Vladimir Lenin Woodrow Wilson		Choose 3: Schlieffen Plan, Sinking of the <i>Lusitania</i> , Easter Rebellion, Treaty of Brest-Litovsk, February Revolution, October Revolution, Wilson's 14 Points Treaty of Versailles, League of Nations
Age of Anxiety	Choose 3: Sigmund Freud, John Maynard Keynes Joseph Stalin, Mohandas Gandhi, Muhammad Ali Jinnah, Sun Yatsen Mao Zedong, Chiang Kai-shek (Jiang Jieshi), Augusto César Sandino Anastacio Somoza Garcia		Choose 3: Russian Civil War, Stalin's 5-Year Plan(s) Mein Kampf, Amritsar Massacre May Fourth Movement, Three Principles of the People Great Depression the "Long March" Good Neighbor Policy

World War II	Choose 3: Winston Churchill, Franklin Roosevelt Harry Truman, Joseph Stalin, Hideki Tojo Adolf Hitler, Benito Mussolini	Choose 3: Spanish Civil War, Austrian <i>Anschluss</i> , Munich Conference, Battle of Stalingrad, D-Day Hiroshima/Nagasaki
The Cold War	Choose 3: Dwight D. Eisenhower, Nikita Khrushchev, Leonid Brezhnev, Mikhail Gorbachev, Boris Yeltsin, Vladimir Putin Ho Chi Minh, Kim Il Sung	Choose 3: Yalta & Potsdam Conf's, United Nations, Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, Berlin Blockade/Airlift, Warsaw Pact, NATO, China → communist Korean War, Hydrogen bombs, Berlin Wall, Cuban Missile Crisis, Vietnam War
Retreat from Empire	Choose 3: Jomo Kenyatta, Gamal Nassar, Nelson Mandela, Jawaharlal Nehru, Anwar Sadat Ayatollah Khomeini, Saddam Hussein, Yasser Arafat, Richard Nixon, Henry Kissinger, Deng Xiao Ping, Hu Jintao	Choose 3: Independence of India Bandung Conference Cultural Revolution Independence of (much/most) of African colonies Birth of Israel Great Leap Forward Tiananmen Square
World Without Borders	Osama bin Laden Rachel Carson Indira Gandhi	Globalization European Union (EU) World Trade Org. (WTO) N. Am. Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)



Below is a helpful way to organize your timeline



Region	Foundations - 600 C.E.	600-1450 C.E.	1450-1750 C.E.	1750-1914 C.E.	1914 C.E.- present
Global			Portugal, Spain Dutch, Britain France	Britain, France Germany, U.S.	Britain France U.S.
East Asia	Shang, Zhou, Qin, Han, Sui	Tang, Song Yuan (Mongol)	Ming Qing	Qing	
South Asia	Maurya, Gupta	Delhi Sultanate	Mughal		
SE Asia		Angkor			
SW Asia (Middle East)	Sumer, Egypt Persia	Umayyad Abbasid	Ottoman Safavid	Ottoman	
N & Central Asia		Mongol			
Sub-Saharan Africa		Ghana, Mali Sahel, Zimbabwe			
Europe	Greece Rome		Portugal, Spain Britain, Holy Roman Empire	Austria-Hungary (HRE) Britain, Germany	
N. America	Olmec, Toltec	Mayan, Aztec			
S. America	Chavín, Mochica Nazca	Inca			

Rubric and Directions

Dates	Timeline dates are clearly and accurately identified.	Timeline dates are clearly and accurately identified with minor exceptions.	Timeline dates are clearly and accurately identified with major exceptions.	Timeline dates are unclear and/or incorrectly identified.
Key Events	All key events were clearly and accurately represented.	Most key events were clearly and accurately represented.	Some key events were clearly and accurately represented.	Key events were unclear, inaccurate, and/or incomplete.
Key People	All key people were clearly and accurately represented.	Most key people were clearly and accurately represented.	Some key people were clearly and accurately represented.	Key people were unclear, inaccurate, and/or incomplete.
Key Empires	All key empires were clearly and accurately represented.	Most key empires were clearly and accurately represented.	Some key empires were clearly and accurately represented.	Key empires were unclear, inaccurate, and/or incomplete.
Key Eras	All 5 key eras were clearly and accurately identified.	At least 4 key eras were clearly and accurately identified.	At least 3 key eras were clearly and accurately identified.	Fewer than 3 key eras were clearly and accurately identified.
Key Areas	All 9 key global areas were clearly and accurately identified.	At least 7 key global areas were clearly and accurately identified.	At least 4 key global areas were clearly and accurately identified.	Fewer than 4 key global areas were clearly and accurately identified.
Neatness	Timeline was neatly done in the student's own handwriting.	Timeline was neatly done with minor exceptions and was in the student's own handwriting.	Timeline was neatly done with major exceptions and was in the student's own handwriting.	Timeline was not neatly done and/or was not in the student's own handwriting.

*Rubric points will be determined per teacher. This assignment is worth an estimated 10% of your first marking period grade.

NOTE: For the finished project to be a **“timeline”** and not simply a list, the spacing between years, and the selected incremental steps from year to year, **MUST REMAIN CONSTANT** throughout the entire **timeline**, moving from the left to the right, *or* from the top to the bottom of the paper.

Example: Whether you select the year increment to be 100 years (...1800_{BCE}, 1700_{BCE}, 1600_{BCE}...) or 1000 years (...3000_{BCE}, 2000_{BCE}, 1000_{BCE}...), you will first create a straight line with **hash-marks*** that are equally spaced (e.g. 1 inch between hash-marks) and then list the years – with constant incremental steps, in proper consecutive order - along the straight line. The distance and time interval between each listed year **MUST BE CONSTANT** and remain the same throughout the timeline. (e.g. If the distance between years 1400_{BCE} and 1300_{BCE} is 1 inch → then the distance between 1900_{CE} and 2000_{CE} further along the line would also be 1 inch.)

Search for “Histomap” to view an example of a timeline or go to <https://www.visualcapitalist.com/histomap/>

*The marks or intervals on a ruler are called **hash-marks**.